-20

What is claimed is:

- 1. A semiconductor laser device, comprising:
 - a doped semiconductor cladding layer;
 - a semiconductor optical confinement layer; and
- an undoped semiconductor spacer layer positioned between said cladding layer and said optical confinement layer.
 - 2. The laser device of claim 1, wherein said undoped spacer layer has a thickness of more than about 4 nm.
 - 3. The laser device of claim 1 wherein said semiconductor cladding layer is n-doped.
 - 4. The laser device of claim 3 wherein the n-doping material in said cladding layer is selenium.
 - 5. The laser device of claim 1 wherein said undoped spacer layer comprises InP, GaInAsP, or AlGaInAs.
 - 6. The laser device of claim 5 wherein said undoped spacer layer consists of a single layer.
 - 7. The laser device of claim 5 wherein said undoped spacer layer consists of a single layer of GaInAsP having a bandgap-wavelength in the range of $0.92 1.1 \mu m$.
 - 8. The laser device of claim 5 wherein said undoped spacer layer consists of a graded composition layer of GaInAsP or AlGaInAs having a bandgap in the range of $0.92 1.1 \mu m$.
 - 9. The laser device of claim 5 wherein said undoped spacer layer comprises two sub-layers of GaInAsP or AlGaInAs of differing compositions, each of said two or more sub-layers having a bandgap-wavelength in the range of $0.92 1.1 \mu m$.
 - 10. The laser device of claim 5 wherein said undoped spacer layer comprises a strain compensated superlattice layer.

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- 11. The semiconductor device of claim 1 wherein said semiconductor layers are formed by MOCVD deposition.
- 12. A semiconductor laser device, comprising:
 - a semiconductor substrate;
 - an n-doped semiconductor lower cladding layer;
 - a semiconductor lower optical confinement layer;
- an undoped semiconductor spacer layer between said lower cladding layer and said lower optical confinement layer;
 - a semiconductor active layer for generating light;
 - a semiconductor upper optical confinement layer;
 - a p-doped semiconductor upper cladding layer; and
 - electrodes for current injection to said device.
- 13. The semiconductor laser device of claim 12 wherein said undoped spacer layer has a thickness greater than about 4 nm.
- 14. The semiconductor laser device of claim 12 wherein all of said semiconductor layers are formed from III V semiconductor compounds.
- 15. The semiconductor device of claim 12 wherein said active layer comprises a quantum well structure.
- 16. The semiconductor device of claim 12 wherein the doping material in said n-doped lower cladding layer is selenium.
 - 17. The semiconductor device of claim 12 wherein said undoped spacer layer has a bandgap-wavelength in the range of $0.92 1.1 \mu m$.

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- 18. The semiconductor device of claim 12 wherein said spacer layer consists of a layer selected from the group consisting of InP, a single layer of GaInAsP or AlGaInAs, two or more sublayers of GaInAsP or AlGaInAs of differing composition, and a superlattice structure.
- 19. The semiconductor device of claim 12 wherein said semiconductor layers are formed using MOCVD deposition.
 - 20. A method of making a semiconductor laser device, comprising the steps of: forming an n-doped semiconductor lower cladding layer on a substrate; forming an undoped semiconductor spacer layer over said lower cladding layer; forming a semiconductor optical confinement layer over said spacer layer; and forming an active, light emitting semiconductor layer over said optical confinement layer.
 - 21. The method of claim 20 wherein each of said semiconductor layers are formed using MOCVD.
 - 22. The method of claim 20 wherein the doping material used in said n-doped lower cladding layer is selenium.
 - 23. The method of claim 20 wherein said undoped spacer layer has a bandgap in the range of $0.92-1.1~\mu m$.
 - 24. The method of claim 20 wherein said lower cladding layer consists of n-doped InP and wherein said lower cladding layer is formed on an InP substrate.
 - 25. The method of claim 20 wherein said undoped spacer layer consists of a single layer of InP.
 - 26. The method of claim 20 wherein said undoped spacer layer consists of a single layer of GaInAsP.
 - 27. The method of claim 20 wherein said undoped spacer layer consists of a two or more sublayers of GaInAsP or AlGaInAs, each of said two layers having a different composition.

5

- 28. The method of claim 20 wherein said undoped spacer layer has a thickness greater than about 4 nm.
- 29. A semiconductor device comprising:
 - a first n-doped III V semiconductor layer formed by MOCVD,
- an undoped III V semiconductor spacer layer formed by MOCVD deposited directly on said n-doped layer,
 - a III V semiconductor layer formed over said spacer layer, whereby lattice defects caused by said n-doped III V semiconductor layer are mitigated by said spacer layer.
 - 30. A method of making a III V semiconductor device, comprising the steps of:
 depositing a layer of a III V semiconductor compound doped with selenium using
 MOCVD;

depositing a spacer layer of an undoped III – V semiconductor compound directly on said selenium-doped layer using MOCVD;

depositing an active layer comprising one or more III – V semiconductor compounds over said spacer layer.